14.—Stocks of Food of Canadian Origin on Hand in Cold-Storage Warehouses	, in
Other Warehouses and in Dairy Factories, 1946—concluded	

Commodity	As at Jan. 1	Minimum During Year	Date at which Minimum Occurred	Maximum During Year	Date at which Maximum Occurred	Average 12 Months
Beef '000 lb. Fresh " Frozen" Cured, etc"	9,509 26,817 680	3,447 4,753 381	May 1 Aug. 1 June 1	11,973 26,817 1,165	Dec. 1 Jan. 1 Dec. 1	8,110 12,395 735
Veal "	5,348	1,855	Mar. 1	5,348	Jan. 1	3,724
Mutton and lamb "	7,778	841	July 1	7,778	Jan. 1	3,958
Fish— Frozen fre8h" Frozen smoked"	27,730 1,781	15,537 1,131	May 1 Mar. 1	45,767 3,260	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	30,697 2,132
Fruit—         '000 bu.           Apples (fresh)         '000 lb.           Frozen fruit         '000 lb.           In preservatives         ""	1,736 9,511 16,360	3 4,165 8,813	July 1 June 1 June 1	7,361 14,116 21,031	Dec. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	6,024 9,478 14,946
Potatoes ton	245,538	1,509	Aug. 1	535,977	Dec. 1	111,911

## Section 6.—Merchandising and Service Establishments\*

Two comprehensive surveys have been made of the business carried on by retail and wholesale trading establishments in Canada. The first census of this type was undertaken in 1931, in connection with the Seventh Decennial Census. This Census related to the business transacted in 1930, and covered the operations of service establishments, including hotels, in addition to wholesale and retail trading firms. The results for 1930 are contained in Volumes X and XI of the Census of 1931. A second Census of Merchandising and Service Establishments, taken in 1941 as part of the Eighth Decennial Census, related to the business transacted in the census year. The results of that Census, in so far as retail trade is concerned, are given in the 1941 Census Volume X, while the results for wholesale and service establishments are contained in Volume XI.

A summary of the main features of the retail and wholesale marketing structure of the country, as revealed by the Census, is presented in the following Subsections. This information is given in more detail at pp. 597-621 of the 1945 Year Book.

## Subsection 1.—Wholesale Merchandising

Wholesale trade, for census purposes, has been taken to include all agencies of distribution between the producer on the one hand and the retailer or industrial or other large user on the other hand. It does not include manufacturing plants but does include manufacturers' sales branches or offices operated at locations apart from plants. In addition to regular wholesalers (including exporters and importers), agents, brokers and commission merchants have been included, as well as assemblers of primary products, such as co-operative marketing associations, grain elevators, and city or country buyers of primary products. The wholesale trade census also includes the bulk tank stations operated by distributors of petroleum products.

<sup>\*</sup>Revised under the direction of W. H. Losee, Director, Census of Industry and Merchandising Division, Dominion Bureau of Statistics, by A. C. Steedman, Chief, Merchandising and Services Statistics.